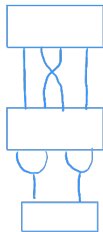


$$\pi \otimes_{\text{Gray}} \pi \rightarrow \pi$$

Generalized Fox's Theorem and pseudocommutativity

(work in progress, joint with John Bourke)



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$$\begin{array}{c} \pi \\ \downarrow \\ \pi \otimes \pi' \rightarrow \pi \otimes \pi \rightarrow \pi \\ \uparrow \\ \pi' \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \nearrow \\ \searrow \end{array}$$

Classical Fox Theorem

Thm. (baby Fox)

Tensor product of commutative rings is their coproduct.

Thm. (adult Fox)

For any symmetric monoidal category $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, I)$, tensor product lifts to the category $\mathbf{CMon}(\mathcal{C})$ and equips it with a cocartesian monoidal structure.

Thm. (formal Fox)

$\mathbf{CMon}(-): \mathbf{SMCat} \rightarrow \mathbf{SMCat}$ is an idempotent 2-comonad and the (inclusion of the) full sub-2-category of coalgebras can be identified with $\mathbf{Cat}^{\sqcup} \rightarrow \mathbf{SMCat}$.

- cats with finite coproducts
- coproduct-preserving functors
- natural transformations

- symmetric monoidal cats
- **strong** symmetric monoidal functors
- monoidal natural transformations

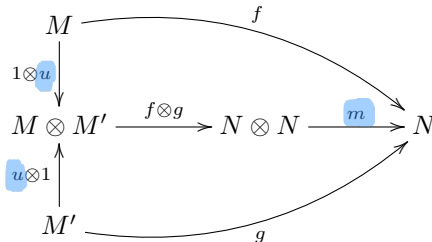
Why is this true?

Thm. (adult Fox)

For any symmetric monoidal category $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, I)$, tensor product lifts to the category $\mathbf{CMon}(\mathcal{C})$ and equips it with a cocartesian monoidal structure.

Sketch of the proof:

- 1 For $M, N \in \mathbf{CMon}(\mathcal{C})$, $M \otimes N$ carries a structure of commutative monoid as well. (Need **symmetric** monoidal categories!)
- 2 Tensor product is a coproduct in $\mathbf{CMon}(\mathcal{C})$: need the algebraic operations to be homomorphisms!



$$\begin{array}{c} (MN)(MN) \\ | \quad | \quad | \quad | \\ M \quad M \quad N \quad N \\ \cup \quad \cup \\ m \quad n \end{array}$$

Lax Fox to rule them all

Lemma (folklore?)

$\mathbf{CMon}(-)$ extends to an idempotent 2-comonad on $\mathbf{SMCat}^{\text{lax}}$ and the coalgebras are: cats with finite coproducts, **all functors**, natural transformations.

Sketch of the proof:

- ① Lax functor $F: \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}$ lifts to $\mathbf{CMon}(\mathcal{C}) \rightarrow \mathbf{CMon}(\mathcal{D})$, **in fact:**
 $\mathbf{CMon}(\mathcal{C}) = \mathbf{Fun}^{\text{lax}}(*, \mathcal{C})$.
- ② Laxator $FM \otimes FN \rightarrow F(M \otimes N) \leftrightarrow$
universal map $F(M) \sqcup F(N) \rightarrow F(M \sqcup N)$.
- ③ We see that then F strong $\Rightarrow \mathbf{CMon}(F)$ preserves coproducts.

How to generalize?

Variants:

2-comonad T	Relaxing the Range	Rebranding \mathbb{T}	Coalgebras
$\mathbf{CMon}(-)$	$\mathbf{SMCat}^{\text{lax}}$	$\mathbf{Fun}^{\text{lax}}(*, -)$	\mathbf{Cat}^{\sqcup}
$\mathbf{CComon}(-)$	$\mathbf{SMCat}^{\text{colax}}$	$\mathbf{Fun}^{\text{colax}}(*, -)$	\mathbf{Cat}^{\sqcap}
$\mathbf{CBimon}(-)$	$\mathbf{SMCat}^{\text{bilax}}$	$\mathbf{Fun}^{\text{bilax}}(*, -)$	\mathbf{Cat}^{\oplus}

To sum it up:

- 1 \mathbf{SMCat} = commutative pseudomonoids in \mathbf{Cat} .
- 2 We can try to replace the 2-theory for commutative pseudomonoids by any Lawvere 2-theory \mathbb{T} .
- 3 Need to define lax, colax (even bilax?) morphisms.
- 4 Some commutativity condition on \mathbb{T} ("operations are homomorphisms").

Setting the stage for general \mathbb{T} :

- 1 Setting: Lawvere 2-theories, their models in \mathbf{Cat} .
- 2 Models come with notions of strict, pseudo, lax, colax, bilax homomorphisms.
- 3 We obtain $\mathrm{Hom}^{\mathrm{lax}}(*, -): \mathrm{Mod}(\mathbb{T}) \rightarrow \mathbf{Cat}$ and variants.

Commutativity condition:

- 1 Pseudocommutativity for 2-theories.
- 2 $\mathrm{Hom}^{\mathrm{lax}}(*, -)$ promoted to an endo-2-functor.
- 3 Stronger: closed multicategory structure on $\mathrm{Mod}(\mathbb{T})$ for bi/co/lax maps.

Putting it all together:

- 1 A formal Yoneda-type proof of 2-comonadicity.
- 2 Idempotence, identifying algebras using Eckmann-Hilton-based ideas.

Some proper definitions

$\mathbb{F} := \text{skeleton of FinSet}$

Lawvere theory

Define Lawvere 2-theory to be an identity-on-objects 2-functor $\theta: \mathbb{F}^{op} \rightarrow \mathbb{T}$.

For any $w \in \{\text{strict, pseudo, lax, colax}\}$, we define the 2-category $\text{Mod}_w(\mathbb{T})$ of (**Cat**-valued) \mathbb{T} -models, w -homomorphisms as a pullback:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Mod}_w(\mathbb{T}) & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \text{FP}(\mathbb{T}, \mathbf{Cat})_w \\ \downarrow U & & \downarrow \theta^* \\ \mathbf{Cat} & \xrightarrow{\cong} \text{FP}(\mathbb{F}^{op}, \mathbf{Cat})_{\text{strict}} \xrightarrow{\subseteq} & \text{FP}(\mathbb{F}^{op}, \mathbf{Cat})_w \end{array}$$

Finite Power-preserving functors

Pseudocommutativity

Idea: for any model X , we want all the operations $X^m \rightarrow X^n$ to be pseudo-homomorphisms of models.

Syntactic solution for 1-theories

For any $\alpha: m \rightarrow n, \beta: k \rightarrow l$ in \mathbb{T} , we have a commutative square:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} m \cdot k & \xrightarrow{m \cdot \beta} & m \cdot l \\ \alpha \cdot k \downarrow & & \downarrow \alpha \cdot l \\ n \cdot k & \xrightarrow{n \cdot \beta} & n \cdot l \end{array}$$

Formally: certain commutative monoid structure $\mathbb{T} \times \mathbb{T} \rightarrow \mathbb{T} \leftarrow *$.

Pseudocommutativity

Idea: for any model X , we want all the operations $X^m \rightarrow X^n$ to be pseudo-homomorphisms of models.

Syntactic solution for λ -theories

For any $\alpha: m \rightarrow n, \beta: k \rightarrow l$ in \mathbb{T} , we have a commutative square:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} m \cdot k & \xrightarrow{m \cdot \beta} & m \cdot l \\ \alpha \cdot k \downarrow & \Sigma_{\alpha\beta} \parallel \Sigma & \downarrow \alpha \cdot l \\ n \cdot k & \xrightarrow{n \cdot \beta} & n \cdot l \end{array}$$

$\Sigma_{\alpha\beta}$ satisfying some
coherence conditions

Formally: certain commutative monoid structure $\mathbb{T} \underset{\text{Gray}}{\otimes} \mathbb{T} \rightarrow \mathbb{T} \leftarrow *$.

Pseudocommutativity

Let \mathbb{T} be a Lawvere 2-theory. A pseudocommutativity on \mathbb{T} consists of a structure (\mathbb{T}, μ, u) of a monoid in $(\mathbf{Cat}, \otimes_{\text{Gray}}, *)$ on \mathbb{T} such that

- 1 μ preserves products in each variable,
- 2 the composite $\mathbb{F}^{op} \otimes \mathbb{T} \xrightarrow{\theta \otimes \theta} \mathbb{T} \otimes \mathbb{T} \xrightarrow{\mu} \mathbb{T}$ factors through the canonical map $\mathbb{F}^{op} \otimes \mathbb{T} \rightarrow \mathbb{F}^{op} \times \mathbb{T}$ (and the same holds for the symmetrical map $\mathbb{T} \otimes \mathbb{F}^{op} \rightarrow \mathbb{T}$),
- 3 the following commutes (where “mult.” is the usual multiplication of natural numbers) and $u(*) = 1$.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{F}^{op} \otimes \mathbb{F}^{op} & \xrightarrow{\theta \otimes \theta} & \mathbb{T} \otimes \mathbb{T} \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \mu \\ \mathbb{F}^{op} \times \mathbb{F}^{op} & & \mathbb{T} \\ \downarrow \text{mult.} & & \downarrow \\ \mathbb{F}^{op} & \xrightarrow{\theta} & \mathbb{T} \end{array}$$

Lax multimorphisms

Let \mathbb{T} be a pseudocommutative Lawvere 2-theory, X_1, \dots, X_u, Y are \mathbb{T} -models in \mathbf{Cat} . Then a lax \mathbb{T} -multimap $X_1, \dots, X_n \rightarrow Y$ is a lax natural transformation f

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathbb{F}^{op} \otimes \dots \otimes \mathbb{F}^{op} & \xrightarrow{\quad \text{blue arrow} \quad} & \mathbb{T} \otimes \dots \otimes \mathbb{T} \xrightarrow{(X_1, \dots, X_u)} \mathbf{Cat} \otimes \dots \otimes \mathbf{Cat} \\
 \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
 \mathbb{F}^{op} \times \dots \times \mathbb{F}^{op} & \xrightarrow{\quad \text{blue arrow} \quad} & \mathbf{Cat} \times \dots \times \mathbf{Cat} \\
 \downarrow \text{mult.} & & \downarrow \prod_{i=1}^u \\
 \mathbb{F}^{op} & \xrightarrow{\quad \text{blue arrow} \quad} & \mathbf{Cat}
 \end{array}$$

μ^u (vertical arrow from $\mathbb{T} \otimes \dots \otimes \mathbb{T}$ to \mathbb{T})
 $\Downarrow f$ (vertical arrow from $\mathbf{Cat} \otimes \dots \otimes \mathbf{Cat}$ to $\mathbf{Cat} \times \dots \times \mathbf{Cat}$)
 Y (horizontal arrow from \mathbb{T} to \mathbf{Cat})

such that the precomposition with the blue square is 2-natural.

Thanks!



Connection to 2-monads

Corresponding notion of a pseudocommutativity for 2-monads¹, involving (co)strengths, 7 axioms, and the following invertible 2-cells:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 TA \times TB & \xrightarrow{t^*} & T(A \times TB) & \xrightarrow{Tt} & T^2(A \times B) \\
 \downarrow t & & \Downarrow \gamma_{AB} & & \downarrow \mu \\
 T(TA \times B) & \xrightarrow{Tt^*} & T^2(A \times B) & \xrightarrow{\mu} & T(A \times B)
 \end{array}$$

If $TX = \int^n X^m \mathbb{T} m$ corresponds to a Lawvere theory \mathbb{T} , we have a monad $SX = \int^{m,n} X^{mn} \mathbb{T} m \times \mathbb{T} n$, γ_{XY} can be rewritten as

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 TX \times TY & \xrightarrow{d_{XY}} & S(X \times Y) \\
 & & \downarrow \\
 & & T(X \times Y)
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \xrightarrow{\otimes_1} \\
 \xleftarrow{\otimes_2}
 \end{array}$$

¹M. Hyland, J. Power: *Pseudo-commutative monads and pseudo-closed 2-categories*, JPAA 175, p. 141-185, 2002.